



# Structure elucidation and occurrence of Tc(IV) pyrogallol complexes

**Eric Breynaert and André Maes**

**Laboratory for Colloid Chemistry**

**Department of Microbial and Molecular Systems**

**Katholieke Universiteit Leuven (Belgium)**

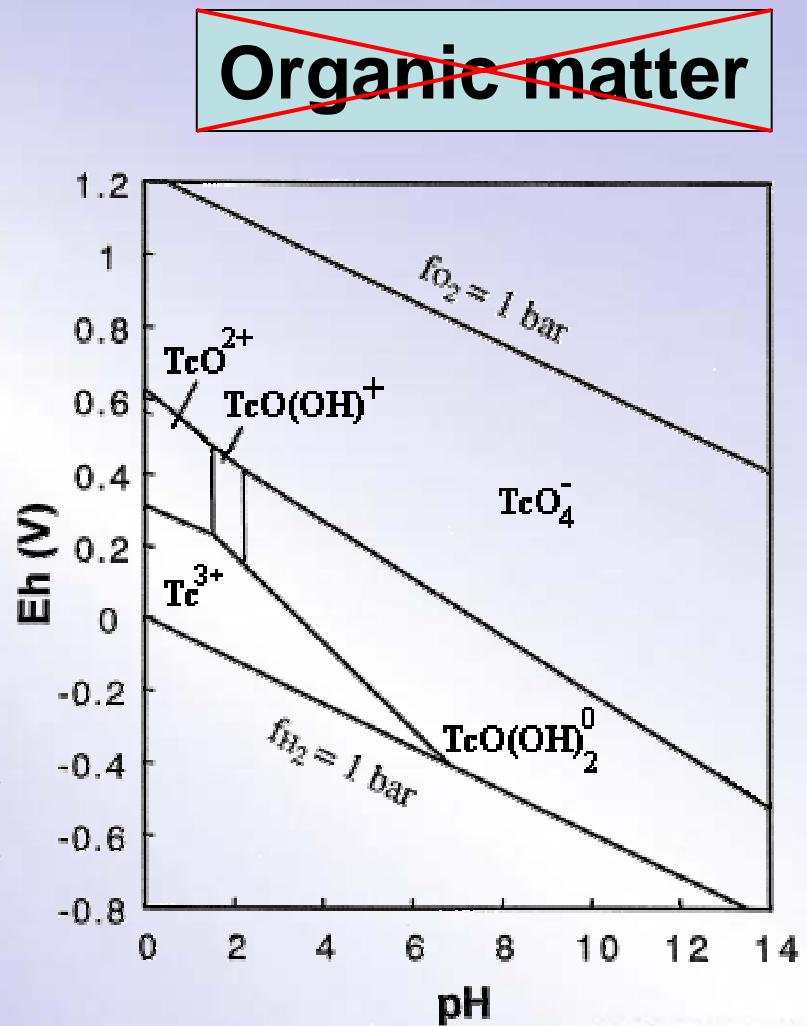
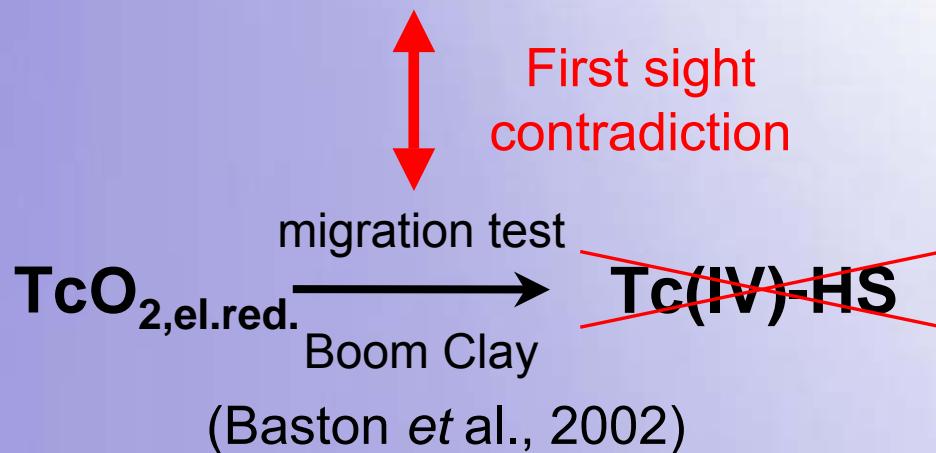
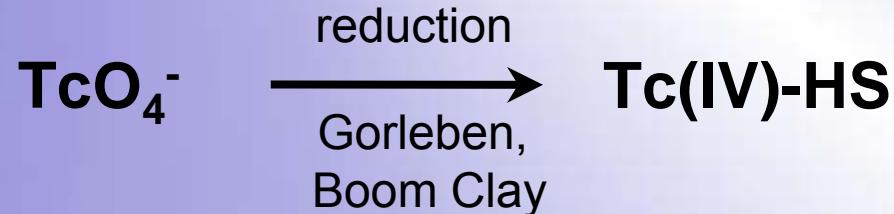
# $^{99}\text{Tc}$

- Fission product of uranium-235
- $\beta$  - emitter
- **Long half-life:  $2.13 \times 10^5$  y**
- High yield in radio-active waste (6% of all fission products !)
- **Potential migration upon storage**
- **Potential association with HS**

# $^{99}\text{Tc}$ behaviour in natural systems

## Organic matter

(Maes et al., 2003;2004)



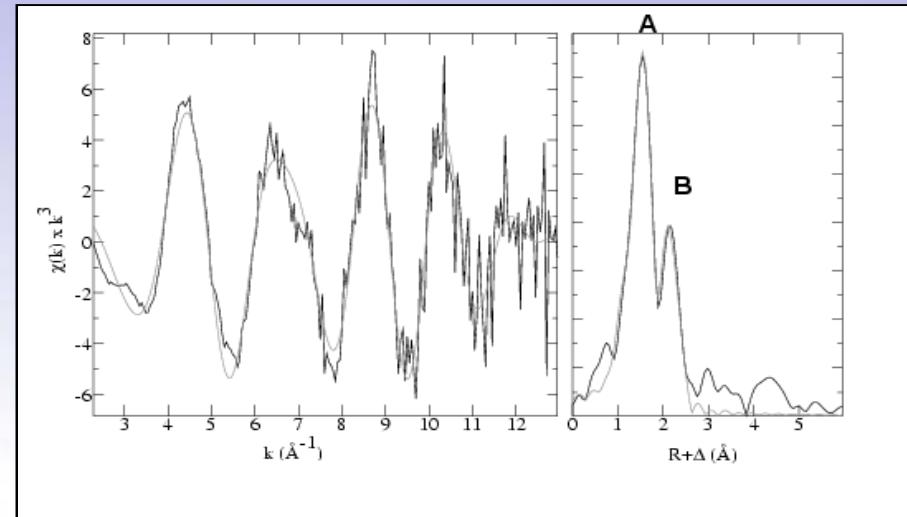
# Tc(IV) - HS

Identity ?

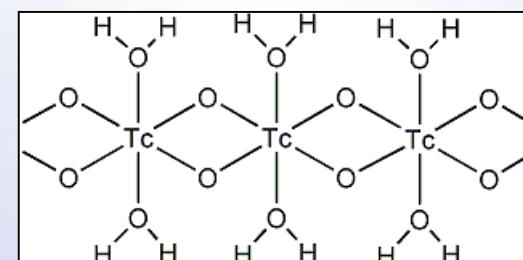
- Colloid association Tc(IV) eigencolloids and HS
- Hydrophobic interaction

Proof ?

- XANES, EXAFS
- SEC
- Modelling BC batch SHUBERT approach



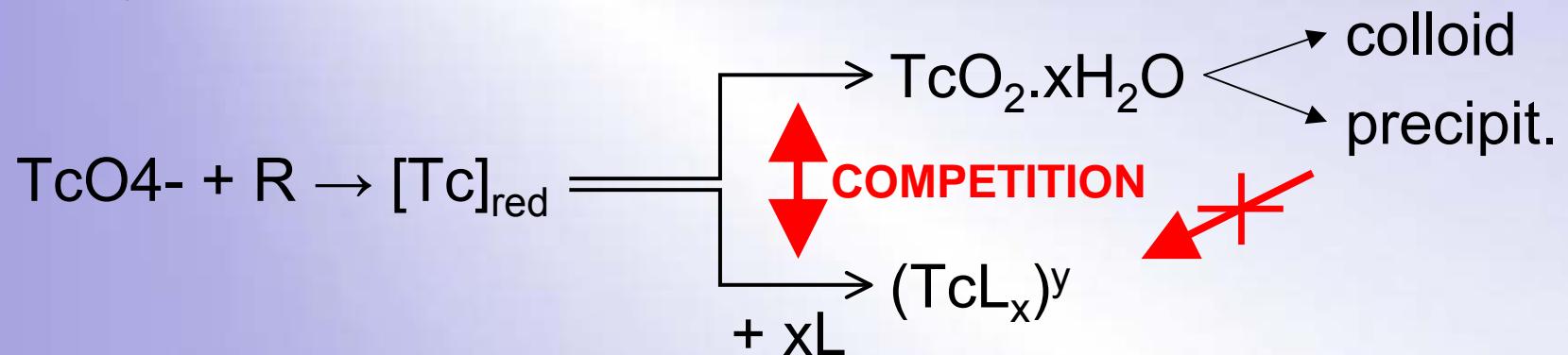
Tc-O			Tc-Tc		
C.N.	R	$\sigma^2$	C.N.	R	$\sigma^2$
6	2.03	0.006	1.5	2.56	0.005



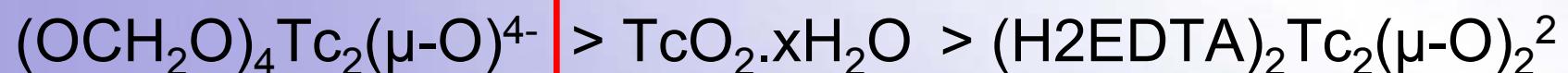
# Tc(IV)-HS Complexation ?

- Possible ?
- Nuclear medicine

range of synthetic Tc(IV) complexes e.g. EDTA, cysteïne, ...



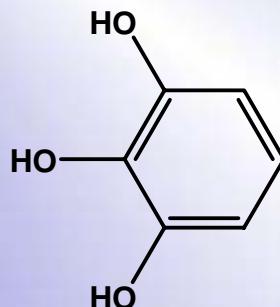
- High pH (2M NAOH) Tc(IV) complex stability series (Lukens et al., 2002)



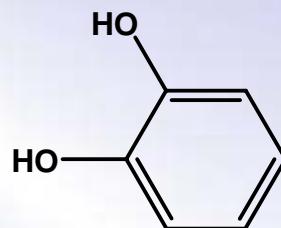
DIOL

# Simple HS-like ligands

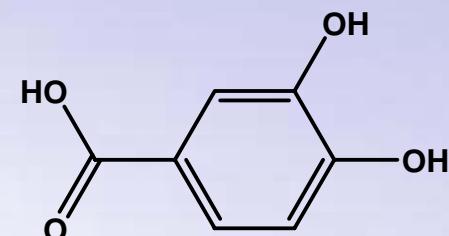
- **Intermediates of wood degradation process**



PYROGALLOL



CATECHOL



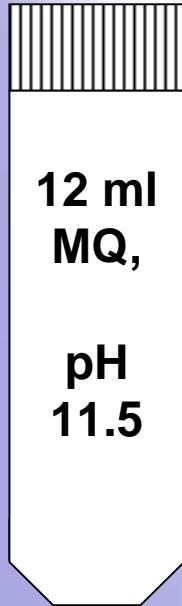
PROTOCATECHUIC ACID

- **High pH Tc(IV) species stability**

diol > oxide > aminopolycarboxylic

- **Choice : pyrogallol**
- **Phenolic, model building block of HS**
- **Probably highest stability versus oxide**

# Tc(IV)-pyrogallol solutions



Daily, 12d

+

-1ml pyrogallol 1.25E-2M  
-1ml  $\text{N}_2\text{H}_6\text{SO}_4$  1.5E-3M or  
dithionite 6.2E-3M  
- 50 $\mu$ l 6.2E-2M  $\text{NH}_4\text{TcO}_4$

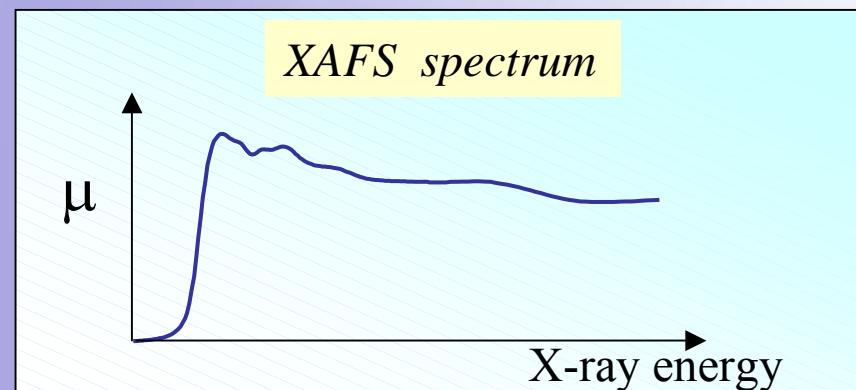
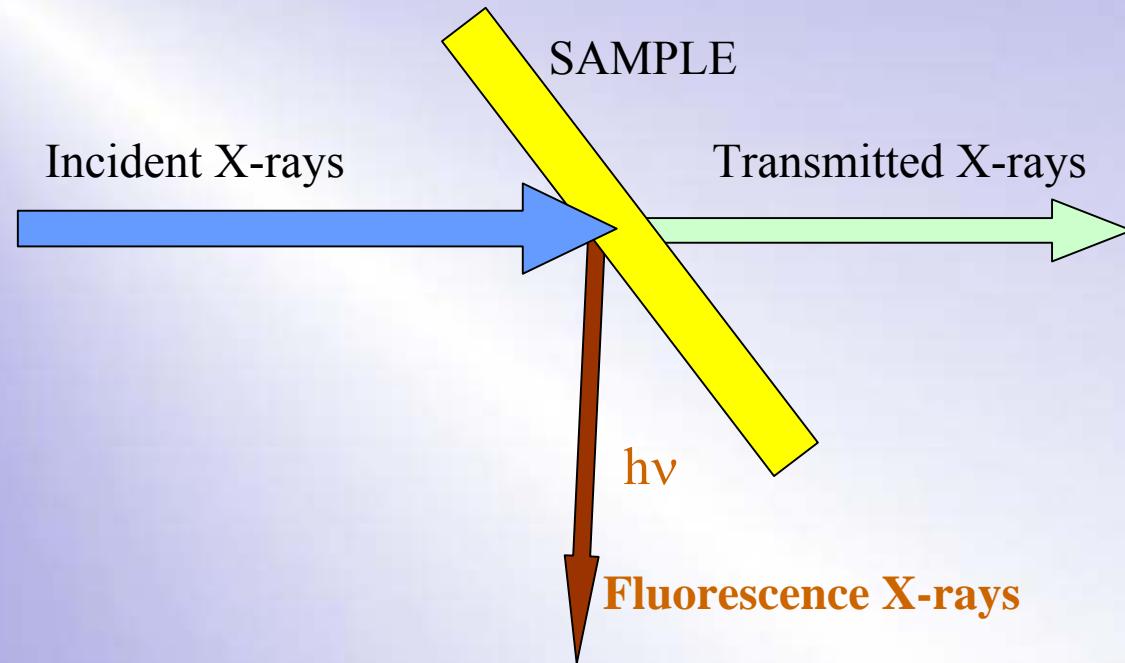
- sample preparation in glovebox (N<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> 95/5) (< 1 ppm O<sub>2</sub>)
- 2 weeks equilibrium
- 8 ml samples, titration to pH 11, 8, 5, 2
- another 2 weeks equilibrium



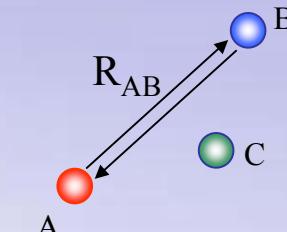
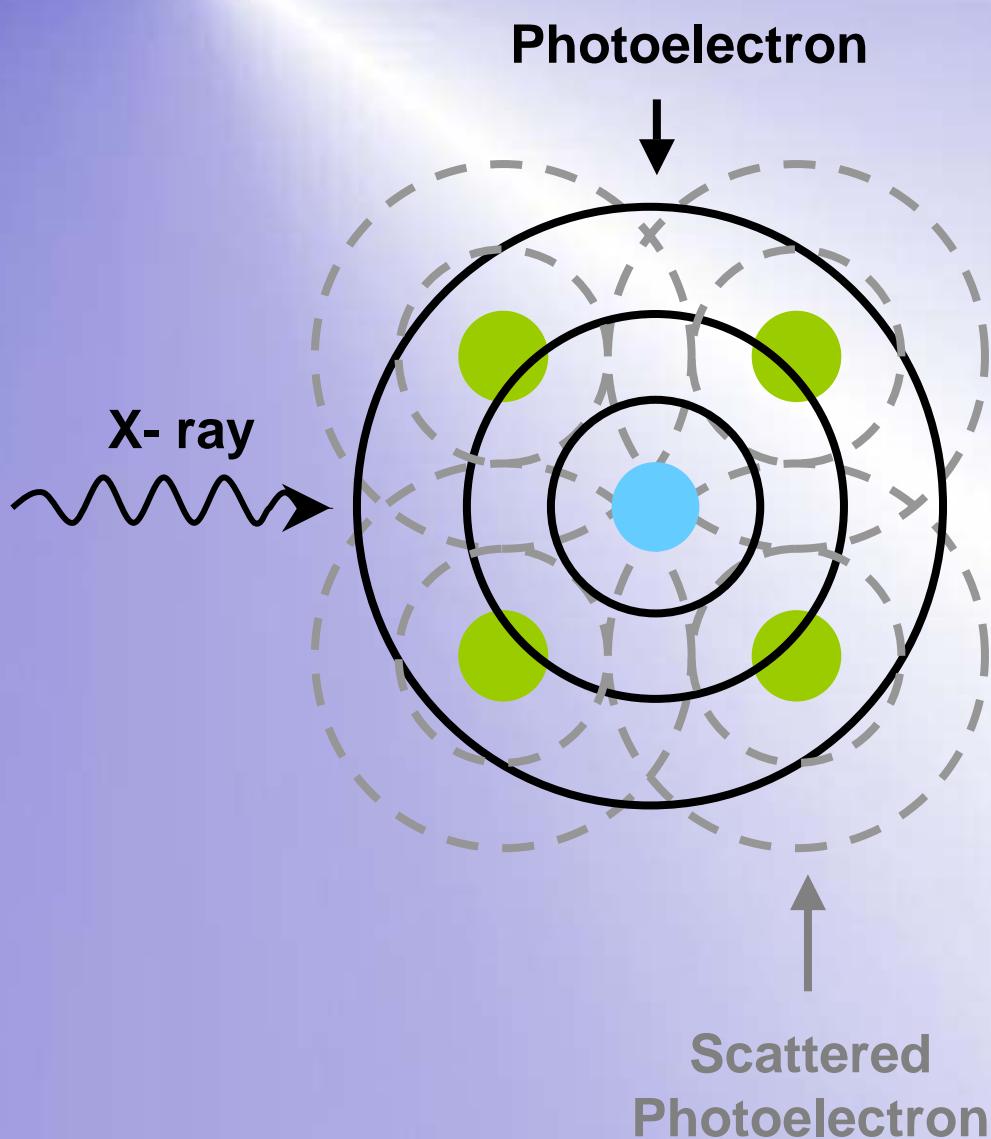
# XAS Sample Preparation & Measurement

- 8 ml sample, concentrated to 2 ml
- vac. distillation, 25°C, liquid N<sub>2</sub> trap
- sample container sealed in 2 PE bags
- transport to ESRF in steel container under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere
- Measurement:
  - ROBL beamline (BM20)
  - Transmission mode, 21 → 22.5 keV
  - Mo foil standard, energy recalibration

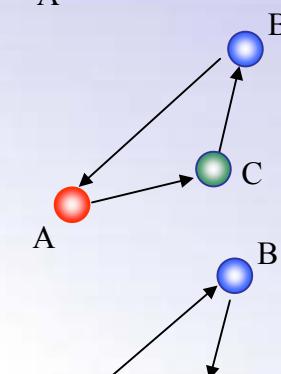
# XAFS measurements



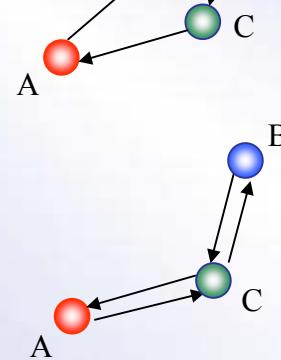
# EXAFS phenomenon



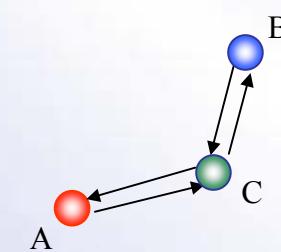
Single scattering  
'2 legs'



Double scattering  
'3 legs'



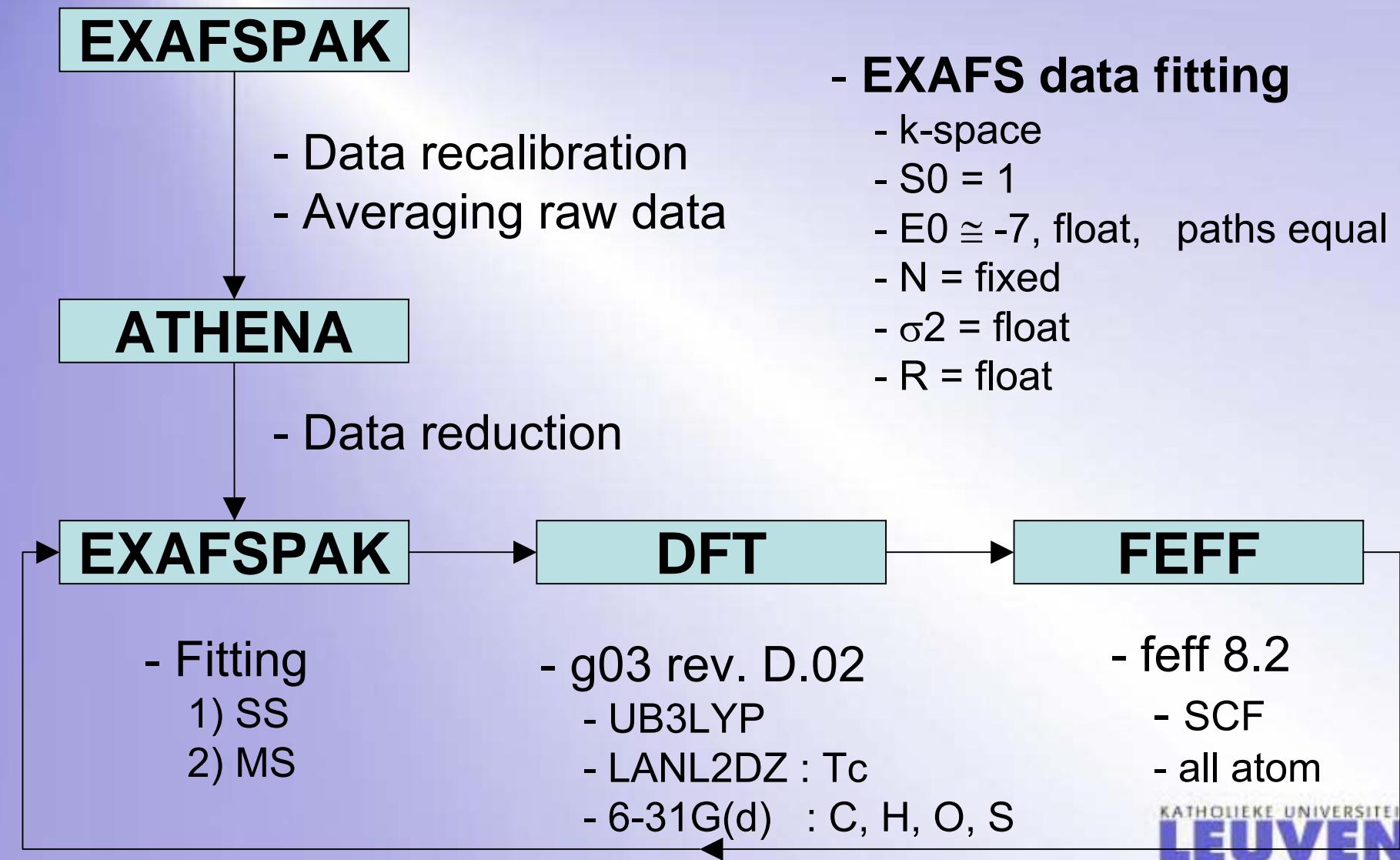
Double scattering  
'3 legs'



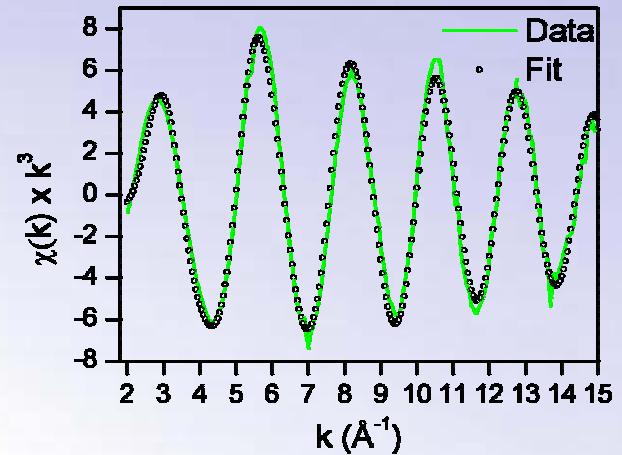
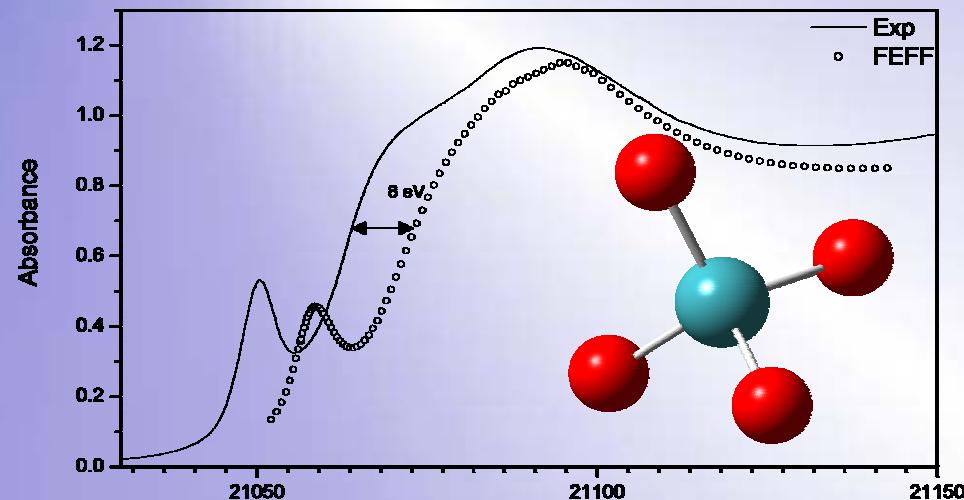
Triple scattering  
'4 legs'

Angular info

# XAS data analysis



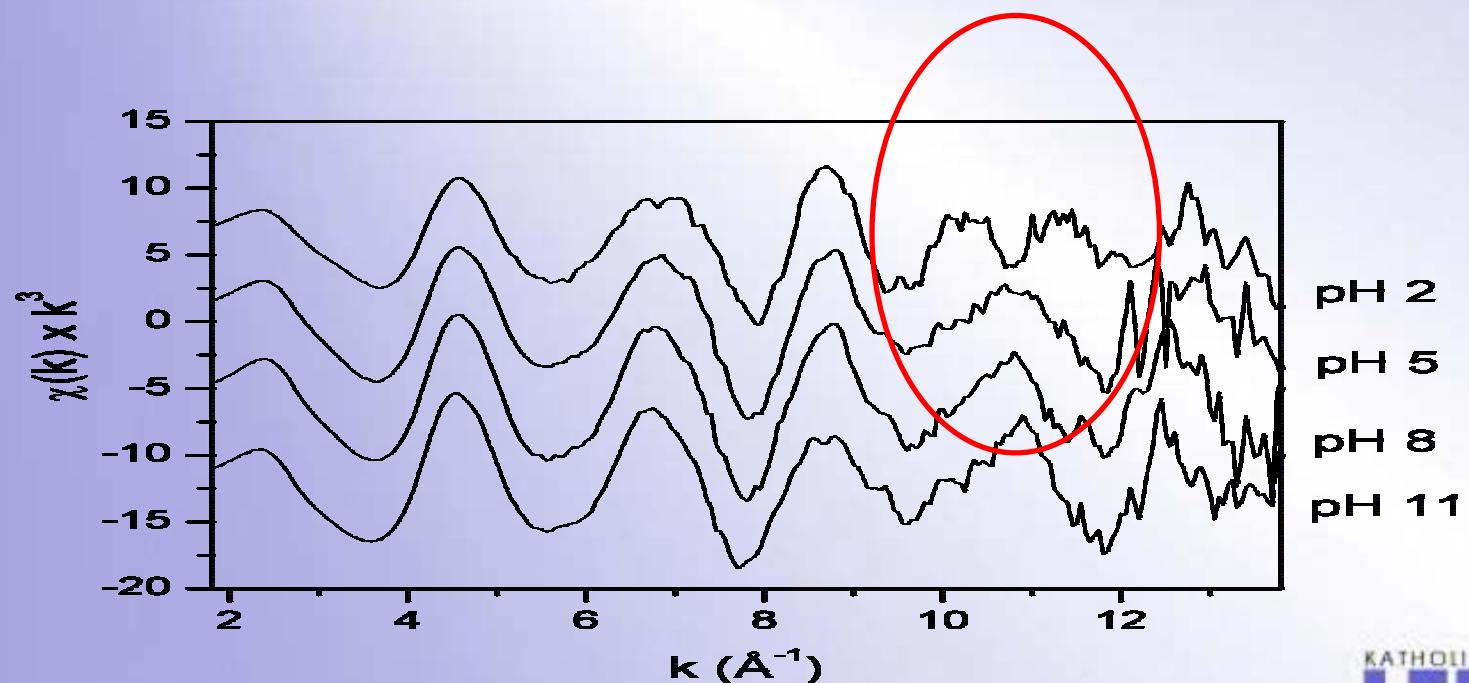
# Software Test $\text{TcO}_4^-$



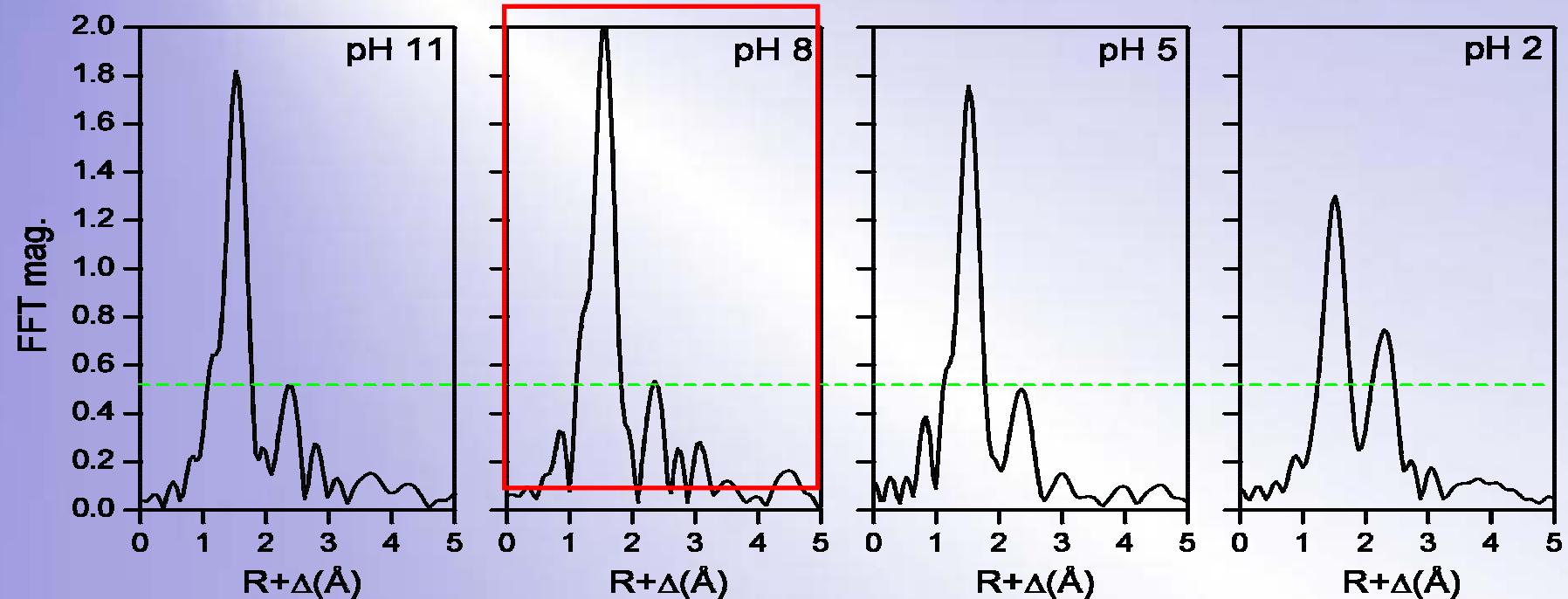
	Energy (eV)	DFT	EXAFS		
		$d(\text{Tc-O})$ ( $\text{\AA}$ )	N	$R (\text{\AA})$	$\sigma^2$
SS: Tc-O		1.75561	4	1.725	0.0016 4
MS: Tc-O-O			12	3.191	0.0057 7

# Tc(IV)-pyrogallol ( $N_2H_4$ )

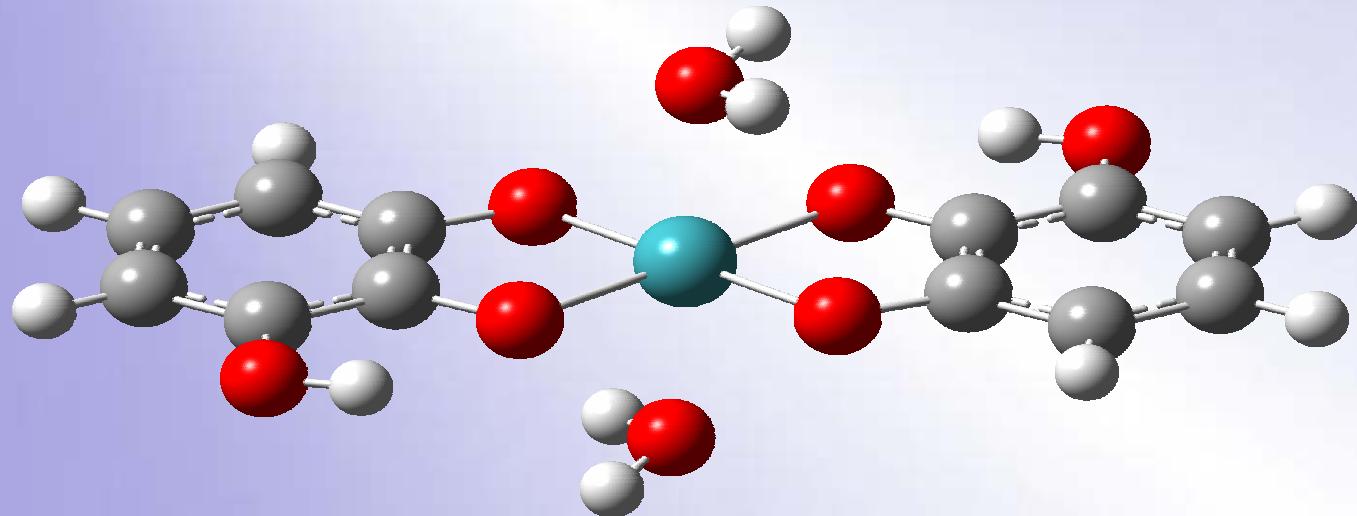
- amplitude difference
- pH 2 < $\rightarrow$  pH 5, 8, 11



# Tc(IV)-pyrogallol ( $N_2H_4$ )



# Tc(IV)-pyro ( $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4$ ) – pH 8



# pH 8 – EXAFS FIT

bond	DFT	EXAFS	$\sigma^2$
Tc - O_eq	2.003	1.995	0.00093
Tc - O_ax	2.186	2.109	0.00130
Tc - C1	2.827	2.805	0.00157
Tc - C2	4.188	4.065	0.00208
Tc - O_pyr	4.788	4.79	0.00253

MS path	R	$\sigma^2$
Tc – O_eq – C1	3.09	0.00255
Tc – O – Tc – O	4.01; 4.10	0.00521
Tc – C1 – C2	4.19	0.00817
Tc – O_eq – O_pyr	4.81	0.00506

# Tc(IV)-pyro ( $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4$ ) – pH 8

