

OPTIMALISATION AND POLYPHENOL PROFILING OF ENZYMATICALLY ASSISTED EXTRACTION OF VARIOUS APPLE VARIETIES

WITHOUCK, Hannes¹, BOEYKENS, Annick¹, VYNCKIER, Kevin¹, SALSE GUIU, Oriol², VANDEN
BROUCKE, Machteld¹

¹ Odisee University College, School of Technology, Department Chemistry – Ghent - Belgium

² Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya (UPC), School of Industrial, Aeronautical and audiovisual engineering
- Terrassa - Spain

hannes.withouck@odisee.be

Introduction: This study evaluated the efficiency of enzymatic assisted extraction (EAE) as a green alternative to conventional extraction for extracting phenolic compounds from apples¹. Within the apple cultivation, there is a large annual waste stream in the form of surplus fruit. The aim of the present study is to look at the value of the extracted bio active molecules.

Material & Methods: EAE extracts derived from 9 different apple varieties, under the optimal conditions for the enzyme Pectinex, were subjected to spectrophotometric analysis for determination of the phenolic content and antioxidant activity ². HPLC-PDA was employed for the identification and quantification of the phenolic compounds.

Results: The phenolic content (varies from 2.50 ± 0.10 to 5.32 ± 0.04 mg GAE/g DM) and antioxidant activity was higher for EAE extracts in correlation to the corresponding extracts prepared without enzyme (blank). Next, EAE extracts contain a higher amount of marker compounds (62.7 ± 2.6 to 193 ± 8 mg/100 g DM) detected with HPLC-PDA when compared to the blanks (46.2 ± 1.4 to 152 ± 13 mg/100 g DM).

Conclusion: The results indicate that the enzyme proved to have a positive effect on the extraction efficiency of polyphenols with reducing ability.

References:

1. Alvarez R., Araya, H., Navarro-Lisboa R. and de Dicastillo C., *Food Technology and Biotechnology*, 2016, 54 (4), 462–467.
2. Paz M., Gúllon P., Barroso M.F., Carvalho A.P., Domingues V.F., Gomes A.M., Becker H., Longhinotti E. and Delerue-Matos C., *Food Chemistry*, 2015, 172, 462 – 468.